SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

DECISION AND NOTICE OF INTERIM TRAIL USE OR ABANDONMENT

STB Docket No. AB-870X

BUTLER COUNTY, KANSAS-ABANDONMENT EXEMPTION-IN BUTLER COUNTY, KS

Decided: September 13, 2004

Butler County, Kansas (County), filed a notice of exemption under 49 CFR 1152 Subpart F-Exempt Abandonments to abandon its entire 10.6-mile line of railroad between milepost 483.62, at Augusta, and milepost 494.22, near Andover, in Butler County, KS. Notice of the exemption was served and published in the Federal Register on July 2, 2004 (69 FR 40472). The exemption became effective on August 4, 2004.

On July 30, 2004, Prairie Travelers, Inc. (PTI), a non-profit organization, late-filed a request for the issuance of a notice of interim trail use (NITU) for the entire line under the National Trails System Act, 16 U.S.C. 1247(d) (Trails Act),² and for a public use condition under 49 U.S.C. 10905,³ in order to negotiate with the County for acquisition of the right-of-way for use as a recreational trail. PTI requests that the County be prohibited from disposing of the corridor, other than the tracks, ties, and signal equipment, except for public use on reasonable terms, and that the County be barred from removing or destroying any potential trail-related

¹ By decision served on August 2, 2004, the exemption was made subject to the condition that the County consult with the National Geodetic Survey (NGS) and provide NGS with 90 days' notice before disturbing or destroying any geodetic station markers.

The July 2, 2004 notice of exemption provided that requests for trail use/rail banking had to be filed by July 12, 2004, and that requests for public use conditions had to be filed by July 22, 2004. However, in <u>Aban. and Discon. of R. Lines and Transp. Under 49 U.S.C. 10903</u>, 1 S.T.B. 894 (1996) and 2 S.T.B. 311 (1997), the Board retained the policy of accepting filings after the due date when good cause is shown. Because there is no indication that petitioner's late-filed request will prejudice any party, it will be accepted. <u>See Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Company–Abandonment Exemption–in Starke County, OH</u>, STB Docket No. AB-227 (Sub-No. 10X), slip op. at 1 n.1 (STB served Nov. 7, 1997).

³ The Board's Section of Environmental Analysis served an environmental assessment on July 9, 2004, indicating that the right-of-way may be suitable for other public use following abandonment.

structures, such as bridges, trestles, culverts, tunnels, and rock ballast, for a 180-day period from the effective date of the abandonment exemption. PTI states that it needs this amount of time to begin negotiations with the County.

PTI also submitted a statement of willingness to assume financial responsibility for the management of, for any legal liability arising out of the transfer or use of, and for payment of any and all taxes that may be levied or assessed against the right-of-way, as required under 49 CFR 1152.29, and acknowledged that the use of the right-of-way for trail purposes is subject to future reactivation for rail service.

By facsimile filed on September 9, 2004, the County advised the Board that it has not consummated the abandonment and is willing to negotiate for trail use with PTI. Because PTI's request complies with the requirements of 49 CFR 1152.29 and the County is willing to negotiate for trail use, a NITU will be issued. The parties may negotiate an agreement during the 180-day period prescribed below. If the parties reach a mutually acceptable final agreement, no further Board action is necessary. If no agreement is reached within 180 days, the County may fully abandon the line. See 49 CFR 1152.29(d)(1). Use of the right-of-way for trail purposes is subject to restoration for railroad purposes.

As an alternative to interim trail use under the Trails Act, the right-of-way may be acquired for public use as a trail under 49 U.S.C. 10905. See Rail Abandonments—Use of Rights-of-Way As Trails, 2 I.C.C.2d 591, 609 (1986). To justify a public use condition, a party must set forth: (i) the condition sought; (ii) the public importance of the condition; (iii) the period of time for which the condition would be effective; and (iv) justification for the imposition of the period of time requested. See 49 CFR 1152.28(a)(2). PTI has satisfied these requirements and, therefore, a 180-day public use condition will be imposed commencing with the effective date of the abandonment exemption.

When the need for interim trail use/rail banking and public use is shown, it is the Board's policy to impose both conditions concurrently, subject to the execution of a trail use agreement. Here, however, while both conditions will be imposed at this time, the public use condition will expire on January 31, 2005,⁴ while the trail use negotiating period will run 180 days from the service date of this decision (until March 13, 2005). If a trail use agreement is reached on a portion of the right-of-way, the County must keep the remaining portion of the right-of-way intact for the remainder of the period for public use negotiations. Also, a public use condition is not imposed for the benefit of any one purchaser, but rather to provide an opportunity for any interested person to acquire the right-of-way that has been found suitable for public purposes,

⁴ Under 49 U.S.C. 10905, the Board may prohibit the disposal of rail properties that are proposed for abandonment and are suitable for public purposes for a period of not more than 180 days after the effective date of the decision approving or exempting the abandonment.

including trail use. Therefore, with respect to the public use condition, the County is not required to deal exclusively with PTI, but may engage in negotiations with other interested persons.

As conditioned, this decision and notice will not significantly affect either the quality of the human environment or the conservation of energy resources.

It is ordered:

- 1. This proceeding is reopened.
- 2. The late-filed request for a NITU under 16 U.S.C. 1247(d) and a public use condition under 49 U.S.C. 10905 is accepted.
- 3. The notice of exemption served and published in the <u>Federal Register</u> on July 2, 2004, exempting the abandonment of the line described above is modified to the extent necessary to implement interim trail use/rail banking and to permit public use negotiations as set forth below.
- 4. Consistent with the public use and interim trail use/rail banking conditions imposed in this decision and notice, the County may discontinue service, and salvage track and related materials. The County shall otherwise keep intact the right-of-way underlying the tracks, including bridges, trestles, culverts, tunnels, and rock ballast, for a period of 180 days from the effective date of the abandonment exemption (until January 31, 2005), to enable any state or local government agency, or other interested person to negotiate the acquisition of the line for public use. If an interim trail use/rail banking agreement is executed before January 31, 2005, the public use condition will expire to the extent the trail use/rail banking agreement covers the same line.
- 5. If an interim trail use/rail banking agreement is reached, it must require the trail user to assume for the term of the agreement, full responsibility for management of, for any legal liability arising out of the transfer or use of (unless the user is immune from liability, in which case it need only indemnify the railroad against any potential liability), and for the payment of any and all taxes that may be levied or assessed against, the right-of-way.
- 6. Interim trail use/rail banking is subject to the future restoration of rail service and to the user's continuing to meet the financial obligations for the right-of-way.
- 7. If interim trail use is implemented, and subsequently the user intends to terminate trail use, it must send the Board a copy of this decision and notice and request that it be vacated on a specified date.

- 8. If an agreement for interim trail use/rail banking is reached by until March 13, 2005, interim trail use may be implemented. If no agreement is reached by that time, the County may fully abandon the line.
 - 9. This decision is effective on its service date.

By the Board, David M. Konschnik, Director, Office of Proceedings.

Vernon A. Williams Secretary